

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/22 May/June 2016

Paper 2 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 50

Published

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[Turn over

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Page 2			Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0478	22
		Section A		
l (a)	(i)	Many correct answers, they must be meaningful. This is an ex	ample only	.
		 NumSacks, integer, number of sacks SacksAccepted, integer, number of sacks accepted TotalWeight, real, total weight of all sacks 		[3]
	(ii)	Any three from		
		 TopWeight, 50.1 BottomWeight 49.9 TopWeightCement 25.1 BottomWeightCement 24.9 		[3]
(b)	An	y five from:		
	— ir — lo — ir — a — o	nitialise total weight of order nput number of sacks for each type outside loop(s) oop for order completion nput weight inside loop(s) dd weight of accepted sack to total weight utput total weight outside all loop(s) ppropriate prompts for input number of sacks for each type and input	t weight	[5]
	Ма	x 5 marks		
	IN IN IN	<pre>mple Answer 1 PUT 'Number of sand sacks ordered ' num_sand_ordere PUT 'Number of cement sacks ordered ' num_cement_or PUT 'Number of gravel sacks ordered ' num_gravel_or tal_weight ← 0</pre>	dered	
		R Counter ← 1 TO num_sand_ordered INPUT 'weight of sack of sand ' sack_weight total_weight ← total_weight + sack_weight XT Counter		
	FO	R Counter ← 1 TO num_cement_ordered INPUT 'weight of sack of cement ' sack_weight total_weight ← total_weight + sack_weight XT Counter		
	FO	R Counter ← 1 TO num_gravel_ordered INPUT 'weight of sack of gravel' sack_weight total_weight ← total_weight + sack_weight XT Counter		
		int 'Total weight of sacks is ' total_weight		

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0478 22
I I t n	<pre>ample Answer 2 NPUT 'Number of sand sacks ordered ' num_sand_order NPUT 'Number of cement sacks ordered ' num_cement_o NPUT 'Number of gravel sacks ordered ' num_gravel_o tal_sacks_ordered</pre>	rdered rdered
N	DR Counter ← 1 TO total_sacks_ordered INPUT 'weight of sack ' sack_weight total_weight ← total_weight + sack_weight EXT Counter cint 'Total weight of sacks is ' total_weight	
(c) (i	1 mark for value reason, all values and reasons must be different. possible correct answers these are examples only.	There are many
	Data value 49.95 Reason – normal data sand should be accepted	
	Data value 50.1 Reason – boundary data sand should be rejected	[2]
(ii	Data value 25 Reason – normal data cement should be accepted	
	Data value 26.7 Reason – abnormal data cement that should be rejected	[2]
(d) №	aximum 5 marks in total, maximum 3 marks if only programming state	ements used
<u>D</u>	escription (may include reference to program statements)	
_	use of prices for calculation of regular price either numbers, variab and gravel 2, cement 3)	les or constants (sand
_	description of calculation of regular price, multiply no of sand sacks gravel sacks by 2, multiply no of cement sacks by 3	s by 2, multiply no of
_	output of regular price	
_	description of calculating the number of special packs using the pa sacks of sand, 2 sacks of gravel and 1 sack of cement)	ack information (2
-	repeat until there are no more packs in the order (less than 2 than 2 sacks of gravel or no sacks of cement	sacks of sand or less
_	calculation of discount price and/or amount saved	

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0478	22

Section B

2 (i) 1 mark for each improvement

use FOR ... NEXT instead of REPEAT ... UNTIL Move PRINT to after the end of the loop Add error checking to check that the value input is positive

(ii) 3 marks maximum, 1 mark for each improvement correctly included.

```
Sample answer below
1 Total = 0
2 FOR Counter = 1 To 10
3 REPEAT
4 INPUT Num
5 UNTIL Num >0
6 Total = Total + Num
7 NEXT Counter
8 PRINT Total
```

3

Area	Tins	Height	Width	Doors	Windows
0	0	3	5	1	0
13.5		3	7	0	0
34.5		3	5	0	3
46.5		3	7	1	1
65		-1	0	0	0
	7				
(2 marks)	←(1 mark)→	÷		(1 mark)	\rightarrow

 $(2 \text{ marks}) \leftarrow (1 \text{ mark}) \rightarrow \leftarrow$ 1 mark 0, 13.5 1 mark for rest

[4]

[3]

[3]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0478	22

4 1 mark for each correct line, maximum 3 (zero correct 0, one correct 1, two correct 2, three or four correct 3), each box must have only one connection.

Statement type	example
Assignment	FOR X ← 1 TO 10
Iteration	READ X
Input	PRINT X
Output	$X \leftarrow Y + Z$

[3]

[2]

[1]

- data structure (one—dimensional) array
 reason to simplify programming/ make programs shorter, etc. [2]
- 6 IF (... THEN ... ELSE ... ENDIF)
 - CASE (... OF ... OTHERWISE ... ENDCASE)

7 (a) -7

- (b) Brochure Number...... – Uniquely identifies each record/each Brochure Number different/no duplicates [2]
- (c) Number of Seats number/integer – Price in \$ – currency/real [2]
- (d) 1 mark for each correct result, 1 mark for the results in descending order of price

 Recliner sofa 	1,200	RS23
 Recliner chair 	600	RC01

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0478	22

(e)

Field:	Brochure Number	Material	Colour	Price in \$	Number of Seats
Table:	SOFASELECT	SOFASELECT	SOFASELECT	SOFASELECT	SOFASELECT
Sort:					
Show:			\checkmark	\checkmark	
Criteria:					>2
or:					
	(1 mark)	(1 mark)	(1 mark)	(1 mark)	(1 mark)

[5]